

Supporting Diverse Notations In MPS' Projectional Editor

Markus Völter and Sascha Lisson

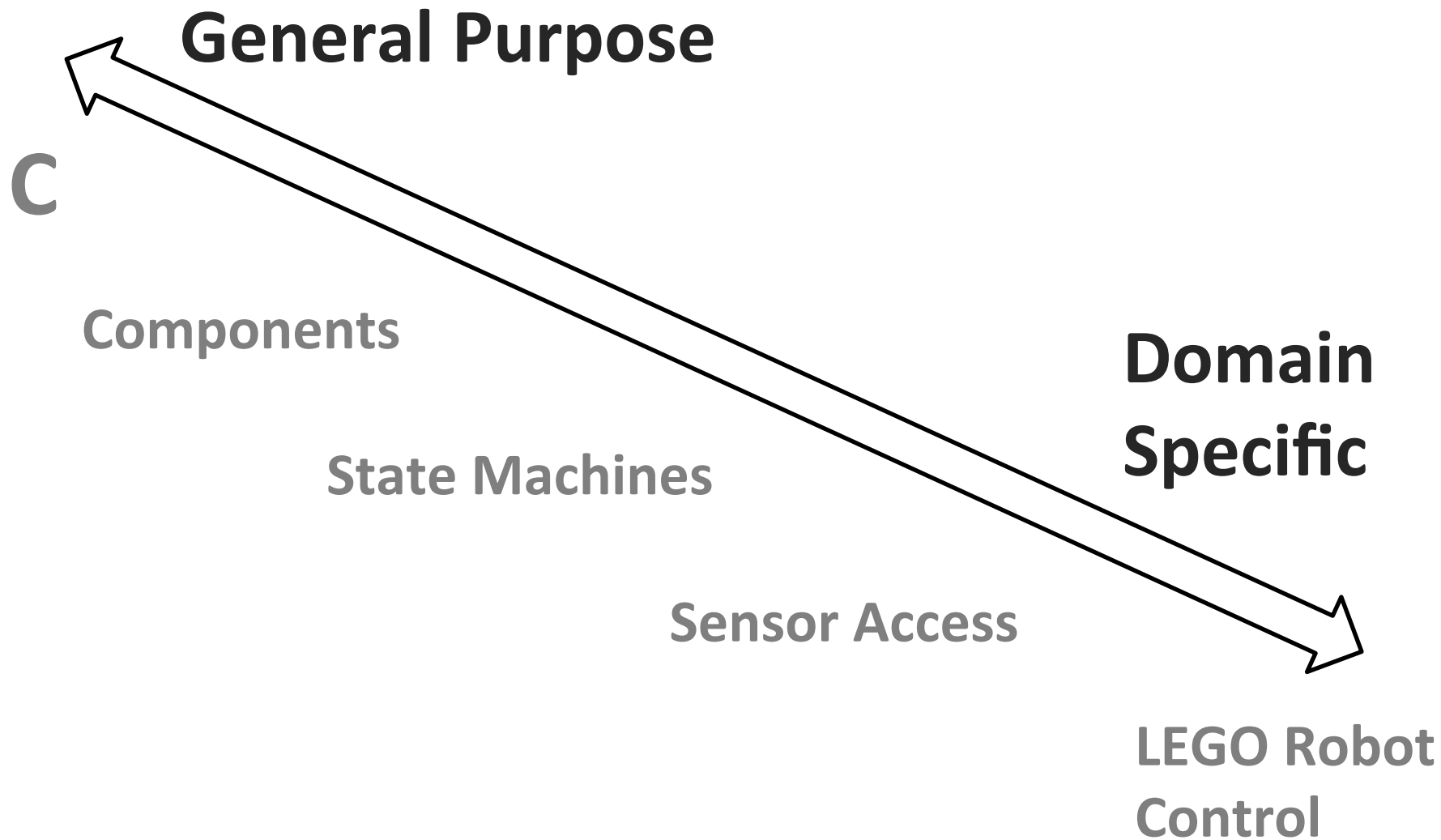
with Bernd Kolb, Domenik Pavletic, Kolja Dumman,
Tamas Szabo, Niko Stotz, Dan Ratiu, Zaur Molotnikov,

1



Languages, Notations
Models, Programs

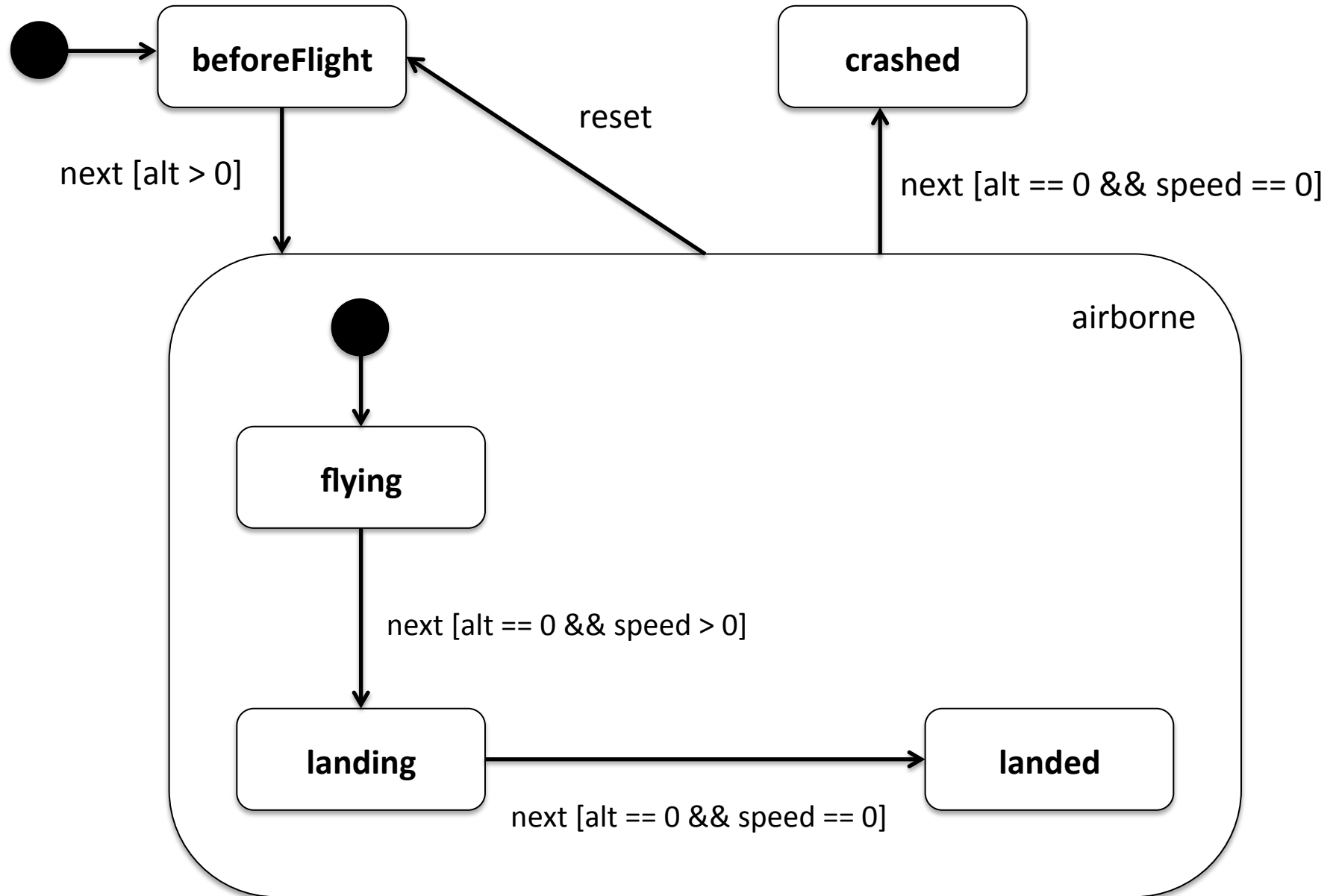
	more in GPLs	more in DSL
Domain Size	large and complex	smaller and well-defined
Designed by	guru or committee	a few engineers and domain experts
Language Size	large	small
Turing-completeness	almost always	often not
User Community	large, anonymous and widespread	small, accessible and local
In-language abstraction	sophisticated	limited
Lifespan	years to decades	months to years (driven by context)
Evolution	slow, often standardized	fast-paced
Incompatible Changes	almost impossible	feasible



Model or Code?

```
Trackpoint* makeTP(uint16 alt, int16 speed) {  
    static int8 trackpointCounter = 0;  
    trackpointCounter++;  
    Trackpoint* tp = ((Trackpoint*) malloc(sizeof Trackpoint));  
    tp->id = trackpointCounter;  
    tp->timestamp = trackpointCounter;  
    tp->alt = alt  
    tp->speed = speed  
    return tp;  
}
```

Model or Code?



Model or Code?

```
statemachine HierarchicalFlightAnalyzer initial = beforeFlight {
  in next()
  in reset()
  out crashNotification() -> raiseAlarm
  state beforeFlight {
    on next [tp->alt > 0 m] -> airborne
  }
  composite state airborne initial = flying {
    on reset [ ] -> beforeFlight
    on next [tp->alt == 0 m && tp->speed == 0 mps] -> crashed
    state flying {
      on next [tp->alt == 0 m && tp->speed > 0 mps] -> landing
      on next [tp->speed > 200 mps] -> airborne
      on next [tp->speed > 100 mps] -> airborne
    }
    state landing {
      on next [tp->speed == 0 mps] -> landed
      on next [ ] -> landing
    }
    state landed {
    }
  }
  state crashed {
  }
}
```

Model or Code?

```
statemachine HierarchicalFlightAnalyzer initial = beforeFlight {
  in next(Trackpoint* tp)
  in reset()
  out crashNotification() -> raiseAlarm
  readable var int16 points = 0
  state beforeFlight {
    on next [tp->alt > 0 m] -> airborne
    exit { points += TAKEOFF; }
  }
  composite state airborne initial = flying {
    on reset [ ] -> beforeFlight { points = 0; }
    on next [tp->alt == 0 m && tp->speed == 0 mps] -> crashed
    state flying {
      on next [tp->alt == 0 m && tp->speed > 0 mps] -> landing
      on next [tp->speed > 200 mps] -> airborne { points += VERY_HIGH_SPEED; }
      on next [tp->speed > 100 mps] -> airborne { points += HIGH_SPEED; }
    }
    state landing {
      on next [tp->speed == 0 mps] -> landed
      on next [ ] -> landing { points--; }
    }
    state landed {
      entry { points += LANDING; }
    }
  }
  state crashed {
    entry { send crashNotification(); }
  }
}
```


Model or Code?

Does it really matter?

What is the difference?

Who cares?

GEMOC 2014

“

To cope with complexity, modern software-intensive systems are often split in **different concerns**, which serve diverse stakeholder groups and thus must address a variety of **stakeholder concerns**. These different concerns are often associated with **specialized description languages** and technologies, which are based on **concern-specific** problems and **solution concepts**.

”

GEMOC 2014

“

different concerns

stakeholder concerns

specialized description languages

concern-specific solution concepts.

”

GEMOC 2014

“

different concerns

stakeholder concerns

specialized description languages

concern-specific **notations.**

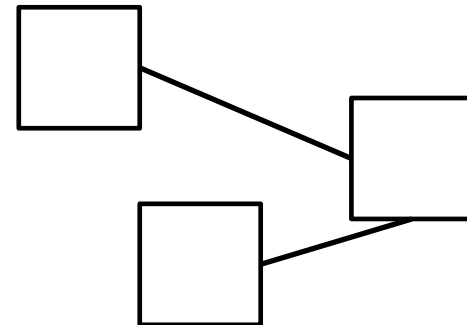
”

[Diverse Notations]

Regular Code/Text



Graphical

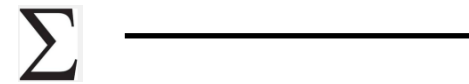


[Diverse Notations]

Regular Code/Text

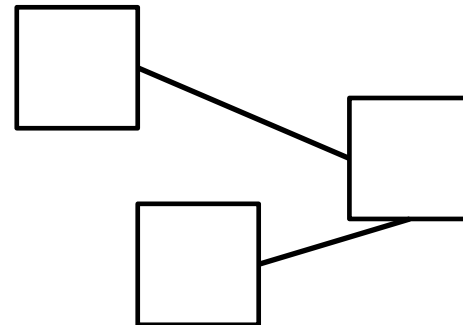


Mathematical



Tables

Graphical



[Diverse Notations]








Regular Code/Text



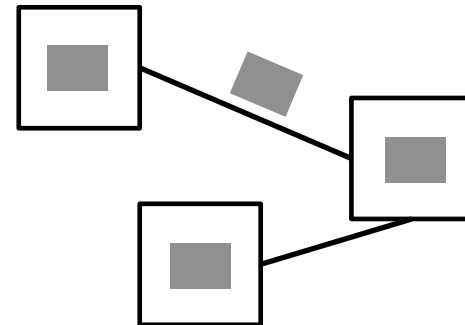
Mathematical



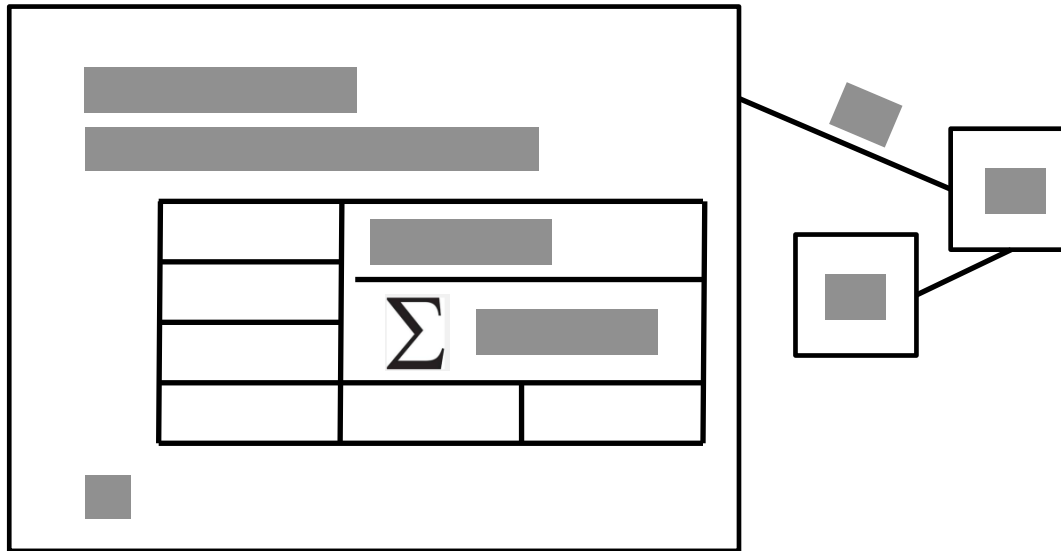
Tables

Graphical



[Diverse Notations]



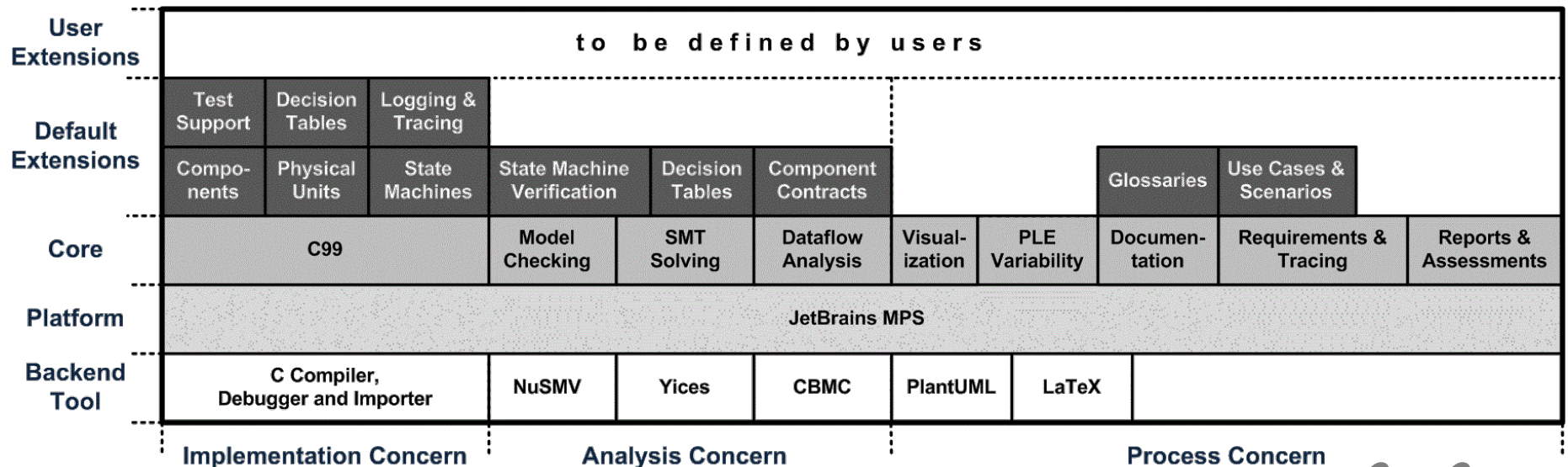
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mbeddr



An extensible set of integrated languages for embedded software engineering.



„Specific Languages“



StateMachines - tutorial - [~/Documents/mbeddr/mbeddr.core/code/applications/tutorial]

MbeddrTutorial

StateMachines

```
#constant TAKEOFF = 100; -> implements PointsForTakeoff
#constant HIGH_SPEED = 10; -> implements FasterThan100
#constant VERY_HIGH_SPEED = 20; -> implements FasterThan200
#constant LANDING = 100; -> implements FullStop

[verifiable]
exported statemachine FlightAnalyzer initial = beforeFlight {
  in event next(Trackpoint* tp) <no binding>
  in event reset() <no binding>
  out event crashNotification() => raiseAlarm
  readable var int16 points = 0
  state beforeFlight {
    // [ Here is a comment on a transition. ]
    on next [tp->alt == 0 m] -> airborne
    [exit { points += TAKEOFF; } -> implements PointsForTakeoff]
  } state beforeFlight
  state airborne {
    on next [tp->alt == 0 m && tp->speed == 0] -> crashed
    on next [tp->alt == 0 m && tp->speed > 200 mps &
    [on next [tp->speed > 200 mps &
    [on next [tp->speed > 100 mps &
    on reset [ ] -> beforeFlight
  } state airborne
  state landing {
    on next [tp->speed == 0 mps] -> landed
    [on next [tp->speed > 0 mps] -> landing { points--; } -> imp
```

Error: type int16/[m / s] is not comparable with (uint8 || int8)

^DataStructures.Trackpoint.alt (Member)
^DataStructures.Trackpoint.id (Member)
^DataStructures.Trackpoint.speed (Member)
^DataStructures.Trackpoint.time (Member)
^DataStructures.Trackpoint.x (Member)
^DataStructures.Trackpoint.y (Member)

StateMachines

```
#constant TAKEOFF = 100; -> implements PointsForTakeoff
#constant HIGH_SPEED = 10; -> implements FasterThan100
#constant VERY_HIGH_SPEED = 20; -> implements FasterThan200
#constant LANDING = 100; -> implements FullStop

[verifiable]
exported statemachine FlightAnalyzer initial = beforeFlight
  next(Trackpoint* tp)
  beforeFlight // [ Here is a comment on a transition. ]
  [tp->alt == 0 m] -> airborne
  airborne [tp->alt == 0 m && tp->speed == 0] -> crashed
  [tp->alt == 0 m && tp->speed > 0 mps] -> lan
  [tp->speed > 200 mps && tp->alt == 0 m] ->
  [tp->speed > 100 mps && tp->speed <= 200 mp
    tp->alt == 0 m] -> airborne
  landing [tp->speed == 0 mps] -> landed
  [tp->speed > 0 mps] -> landing -> implements Sh
  landed
```

^DataStructures.Trackpoint.alt (Member)
^DataStructures.Trackpoint.id (Member)
^DataStructures.Trackpoint.speed (Member)
^DataStructures.Trackpoint.time (Member)
^DataStructures.Trackpoint.x (Member)
^DataStructures.Trackpoint.y (Member)

FlightAnalyzer initial = t
next(Trackpo
beforeFlight [tp->alt > 0
composite state airborne initial = flying { [onTheGround



fortiss itemis



BMW CarIT



Bundesministerium
für Bildung
und Forschung

Research Project 2011 - 2013

Open Source @ eclipse.org

Eclipse Public License 1.0

<http://mbeddr.com>



Commercial Use and Extension

itemis
SIEMENS

Research Platform

3



JetBrains MPS

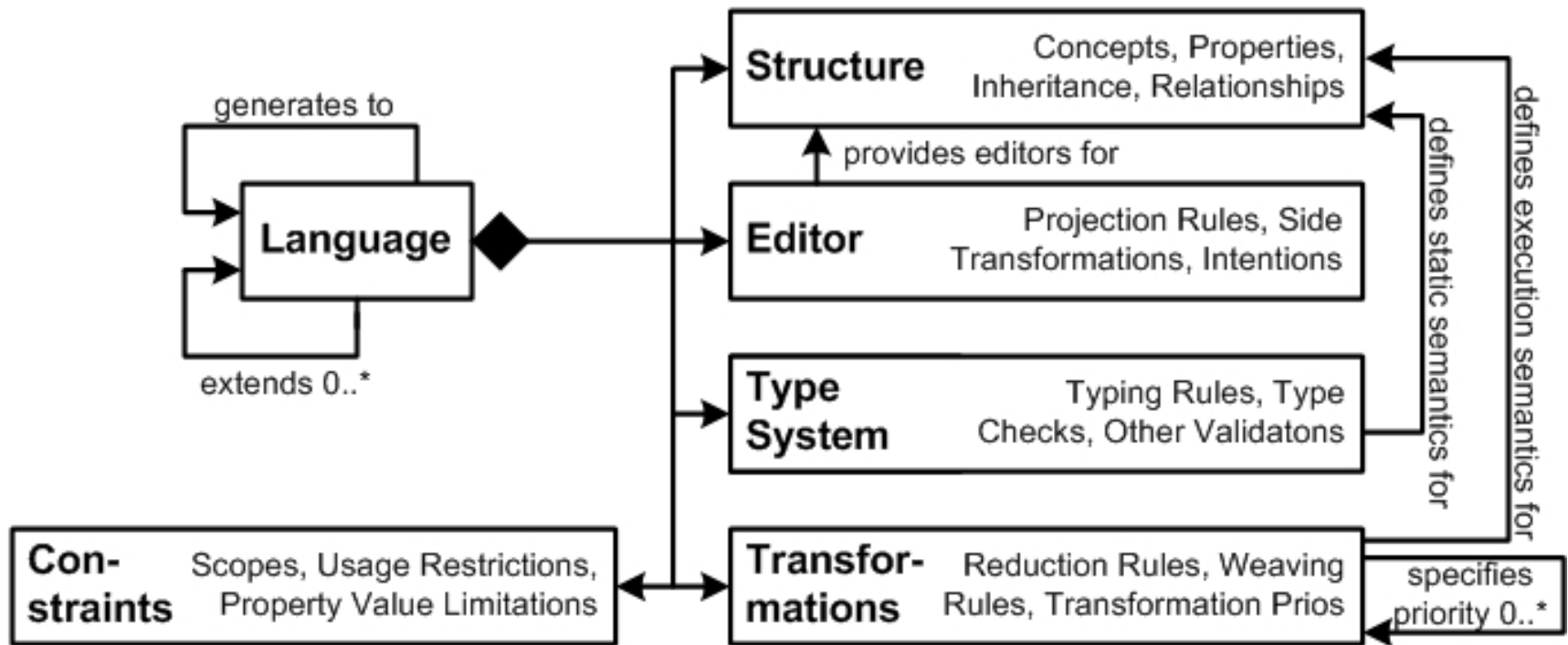


Open Source

Apache 2.0

<http://jetbrains.com/mps>

[Language Workbench]



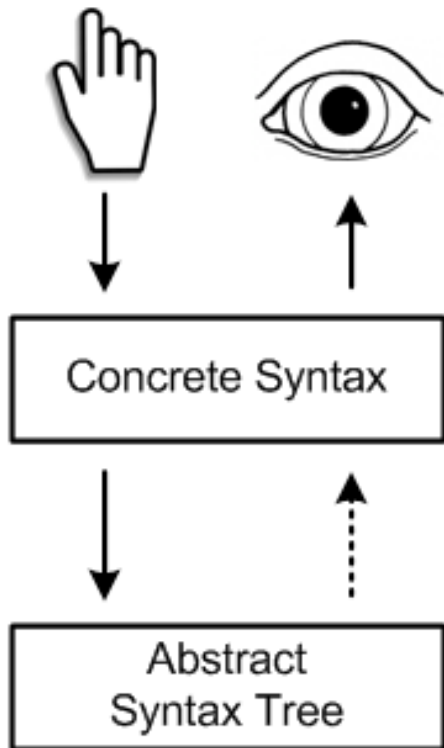
+ Refactorings, Find Usages, Syntax Coloring, Debugging, ...



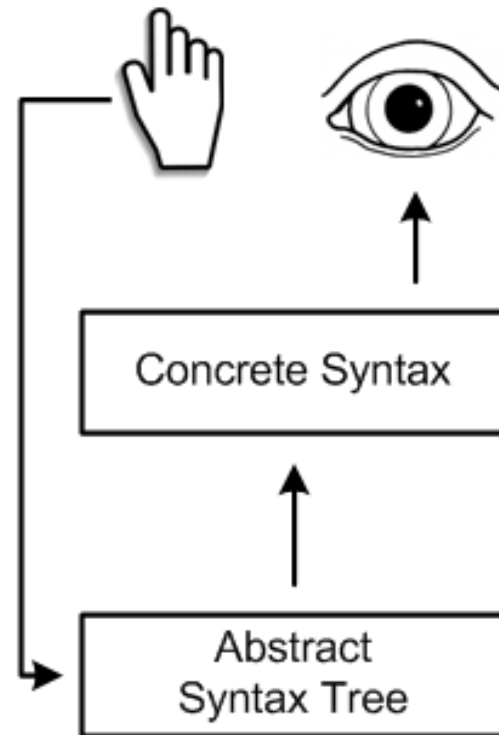
Projectional Editing

[Projectional Editing]

Parsing

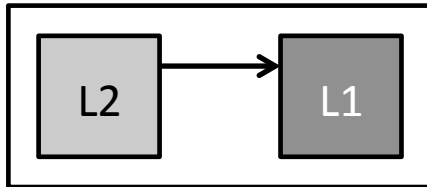


Projectional Editing



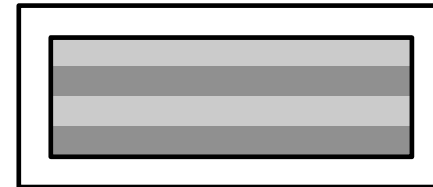
[Projectional Editing]

Language Composition



Separate Files

Type System
Transformation
Constraints

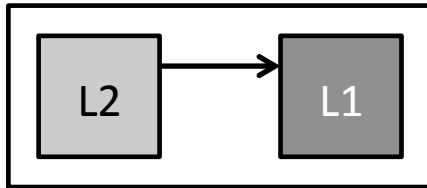


In One File

Type System
Transformation
Constraints
Syntax
IDE

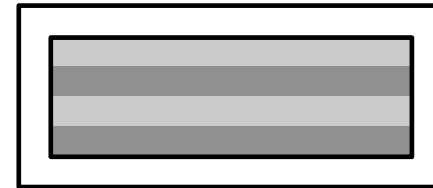
[Projectional Editing]

Language Composition



Separate Files

Type System
Transformation
Constraints



In One File

Type System
Transformation
Constraints
Syntax
IDE



50+ extensions to C
10+ extensions to requirements lang.

[Projectional Editing]

Syntactic Flexibility

Regular Code/Text

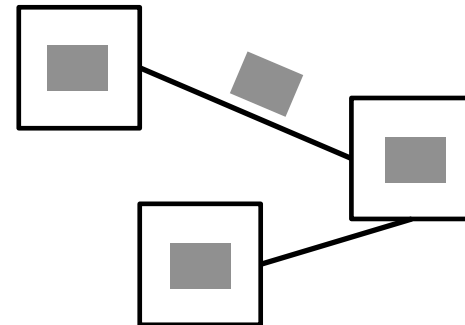


Mathematical



Tables

Graphical



[Projectional Editing]

Syntactic Flexibility

Regular Code/Text

```
// [ A documentation comment with references ]  
// [ to @arg(data) and @arg(dataLen) ]  
void aSummingFunction(int8[] data, int8 dataLen) {  
    int16 sum;  
    for (int8 i = 0; i < dataLen; i++) {  
        sum += data[i];  
    } for  
} aSummingFunction (function)
```

Tables

```
int16 decide(int8 spd, int8 alt) {  
    return 

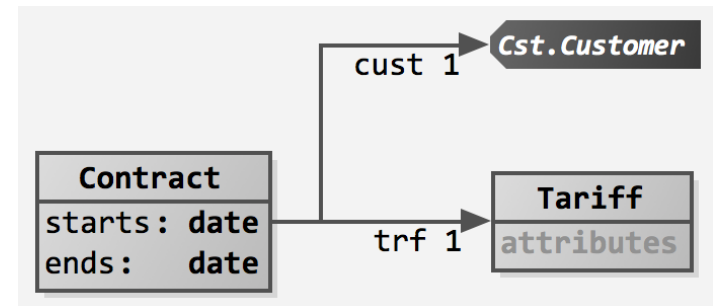
|           | spd > 0 | spd > 100 |
|-----------|---------|-----------|
| alt < 0   | 1       | 1         |
| alt == 0  | 10      | 20        |
| alt > 0   | 30      | 40        |
| alt > 100 | 50      | 60        |

 otherwise 0;  
} decide (function)
```

Mathematical

```
double midnight2(int32 a, int32 b, int32 c) {  
    
$$\text{return } \frac{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - \sum_{i=1}^4 a * c}}{2 * a};$$
  
} midnight2 (function)
```

Graphical



DEMO



Thank you!